USE OF CORPUS LINGUISTICS FOR LEARNING GERMAN LANGUAGE

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ABSTRAK

Linguistics is a branch of humanities that studies language. Language as a communication tool has an important role because it is used to interact between humans. The aims of this study were to describe (1) a list of German words arranged in alphabetical order, (2) lexical and grammatical collocations in German sentences, and (3) the frequency with which words are used in the Netzwerk book. This research method uses a mix-method that combines quantitative and qualitative. This corpus linguistic analysis uses Voyant and Antconc concordance, collocation, and frequency analysis. The interpretation of the results of the analysis uses lexical semantics. The results showed that (1) a list of German words arranged alphabetically starting with the word die and ending with the word zu, (2) collocation gave rise to lexical elements in the form of hören, sprechen, gut and grammatical words such as Wie geht Dir? Tschüs! (3) the highest frequency is the word sie they (49) , und and (57), and the feminine marker die and era (565). The RG Innovation research outputs are articles published in reputable international journals with a minimum Scopus index of Q4.

Kata kunci: concordance, collocation, and frequency of words in German